

Vision Questionnaire - Child

Date of Appointment:_____

Please take som Evaluation.	e time to	o complete this V	ision Que	estionnair	e prior	to your Visual
Child's Full Nam	<u>e:</u>		Home A	ddress:		
Date of Birth:			Home nu	ımber:		
Name of School	• •		Name of	<u>Teacher</u>		
Grade:			<u>IEP:</u>	Y	or	N
Parent/Guardian	<u>11:</u>		Email:			
Cell number:			Relations	hip to ch	<u>ild:</u>	
Work number:			Occupat	lion:		
Parent/Guardian	n <u>2:</u>		Email:			
Cell number:			Relations	hip to ch	ild:	
Work number:			Occupat	lion:		
		ase circle or answe				
Full term Pregnand	CÀŚ	YES	N)		
Natural Birth	OR	C-section				

vacuum assisted deli		_	affer pregnancy? (i.e forceps, w.
	YES	NO	
Was your child in any	distress during or	after birth? If yes	please explain below.
	YES	NO	
Did your child crawl o	as an infant? YES	S NO	
walking? At what ag	ges did these dev	velopmental phase	more interested in standing or es take place. Please mention if (i.e. army crawl, bum scooting
Were there any diffic	ulties with gross m	notor skills as an info	ant or child? Please describe.

Family and Home:

Please indicate which	ch adult(s) he/s	he live with: (circle)	Mother	Father
Stepmother	Stepfather	Grandmother	Grandfather	Others
Does your child prim	arily live in one	household or split b	etween two hous	eholds?
Does your child have	e any siblings?			
Name:		Age:		
Name:		Age:		
Name:		Age:		
Is family life stable at	t this time?	Yes	No	
Has your child ever loss, abuse, parenta	_	•	•	·
Medical History Describe your child's	s current health	n state		
List of current medic	ations and asso	ociated conditions.		

As an infant or currently, does your child suffer from any chronic problems such as ecinfections, asthma etc. Also, describe if they used antibiotics frequently as a child.
Does your child have any previously diagnosed special needs conditions such as Autism, ADHD, depression/anxiety etc. Yes No Name of conditions:
Traine of contamens.
Has your child hit their head in the past, taken a bad fall, been in a car accident, or suffered from a head injury?
Has your child ever had a diagnosed concussion?
Is your child currently receiving or being assessed for additional services? What were the results and how often do you attend: (i.e. Speech and Language, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapist, psychiatric care etc.)

Is your child involved in any extra-curricular activities or does he/she have any specific
hobbies.

Please observe your child for a few days prior to answering the questions below

Please assign a value between 0 and 4 for each symptom.

0= never or non-existent / 1=seldom / 2=occasionally / 3=frequently / 4=always

Physical Complaints

i ilysicui	Complains	
1	Headaches when reading or doing desk work.	
2	Car sickness	
3	Upset stomach during reading or school work.	
4	Exhausted after a day at school	
5	Complains of blurred vision even though the screenings at the school or pediatrician's office have been normal, or a routine eye examination has been normal	
6	Eyestrain during reading or desk work.	
7	When reading, see the print dance.	
8	When reading, sees the print run together	
9	Complains that the print is too small.	
10	Sees two of things when only one is there	
11	Covers an eye when trying to read.	
12	Tilts and turns head to side to ignore one eye when reading, writing or watching TV	
13	Squints when looking from near to far or from far to near	
14	Rubs eyes when reading	
15	Holds book too closely; face too close to desk surface.	
16	Moves closer and further away from the book, as if to "focus" it.	
17	One eye turns in or out.	
18	Your child has already been diagnosed with a Lazy Eye (amblyopia).	

19	Your child had surgery for a crossed eye but still has problems with	
	either school or coordination.	

Physical Complaints Section Score: _____

Learning to Read

20	Very slow at sounding out words even when the "rules" are known; i.e., knows the letter sounds for "c," "a," and "t," but labors to sound out "cat."	
21	Omit small words.	
22	Repeat letters or syllables in a word.	
23	Read the first letter or two of the word and guess at the rest.	
24	Fails to recognize the same word in the next line.	
25	Can read a word that is isolated and large on a flash card, but can't recognize the same word when it's smaller or squeezed into a line of print	
26	Confuses likenesses and minor differences, such as substituting "what" for "that."	
27	Reverses letters or words, such as "b" for "d" or "was" for "saw."	
28	Need to use a finger to maintain place when reading.	
29	Gets lost when trying to sound out words of more than one syllable.	
30	Reading improves if you use a pickup stick or pen tip to point to the parts of the words for your child, reducing the need for accurate eye control.	

Learning to Read Section Score:_____

Reading to Learn

31	Reads well for a short time then begins to make careless errors	
32	Rapidly tires out and loses comprehension when reading	
33	Whispers to self while reading silently so the words can go in "through the ears."	
34	Your child can sound out or recognize the words but his comprehension is better when he uses his ears to listen to you read than when he uses his eyes to read himself.	
35	Avoid reading whenever possible.	

36	Reading comprehension is not as good as your child's intelligence would predict.	
37	Will not attempt books with smaller print	
38	Loves to be read to, but will not read himself	
39	Enjoys buying books, but never reads them.	
40	Takes forever to finish a book, even when interested.	
41	Counts pages before considering a book.	
42	Your child reads well, but reading skills don't reflect his/her intelligence and potential.	

Reading to Learn Section Score:____

Getting it on Paper

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43	Makes errors in copying from desk to paper.
44	Copying assignments takes forever.
45	Handwriting is off the lines, going "up and down hill."
46	When writing, words are poorly spaced.
47	Your child is bright and reads well but struggles to get thoughts down on paper.
48	In math, misaligns digits or columns.
49	Copies words backwards; for example, was for saw.
50	Confuses bs and ds.
51	In math, becomes confused if there are too many problems on the same page.
52	Can spell out loud but not when having to write the words.
53	Makes errors when copying from reference book to notebook.
54	Brain moves faster than hands. Your child is bright, but his/her hands are not.
55	Leaves out letters or words when copying
56	When writing, can't spell the same words that were known on the spelling test.
57	Spells words like they sound rather than correctly

Getting it on Paper Section Score:_____

Coordination and Sports (If a question applies to a sport you don't play, give yourself a score of 0)

58	Runs into things	
59	Stumbles, trips or falls.	
60	Clumsy. Poor balance.	
61	Awkward when moving	
62	Has/had difficulty in learning to ride a bike.	
63	Knocks things over	
64	Can't keep eye on the ball	
65	Catches "by feel," trying to grab the ball after it bounces off chest.	
66	Spends all time reading. Avoids exercise, especially ball sports.	
67	Glasses are rapidly becoming stronger.	
68	Can't hit a ball.	
69	In tennis, can't return lobed balls.	
70	In baseball or softball, misjudges and runs underneath pop flies.	

Coordination and Sports Score:_____

Driving

71	Has difficulty judging the position of other cars	
72	Follows too closely.	
73	Slow to respond.	
74	Poor at parallel parking.	
75	Has to be overly cautious.	
76	Becomes apprehensive if asked to drive at night	

Driving Section Score:_____

Attention

77	Attention is much better when using ears to listen than when using eyes to read.	
78	Attention is good for math (except for story problems) but poor for reading.	
79	Homework is a battle	

During reading and homework there comes a point after which it does no good to push any further. Your child "shuts down."	
The longer your child uses eyes for reading or writing, the greater the frustration and fidgeting become	
Assignments aren't completed in school and have to be brought home.	
Your child can't "stay on task" when reading or writing.	
Needs to put his/her hands on everything. Information from eyes alone isn't enough.	
Has to work to sit in a chair, seems to be constantly readjusting balance.	
Has the same reading struggles whether on or off medication.	
"Attention" problems develop when schoolwork or reading is mentioned. Attention is fine for "hands on" mechanical type activities.	
	does no good to push any further. Your child "shuts down." The longer your child uses eyes for reading or writing, the greater the frustration and fidgeting become Assignments aren't completed in school and have to be brought home. Your child can't "stay on task" when reading or writing. Needs to put his/her hands on everything. Information from eyes alone isn't enough. Has to work to sit in a chair, seems to be constantly readjusting balance. Has the same reading struggles whether on or off medication. "Attention" problems develop when schoolwork or reading is

Attention Section Score:_____

Behavior, Self Esteem. Relationships

•	
Your child feels unintelligent	
Self-confidence is low, attitude is poor	
Your child is either worn out or angry when coming home from school.	
Your child's poor eye contact makes others assume your child isn't listening.	
You child is unhappy or withdrawn.	
Your child has books rather than friends.	
In school your child is ridiculed by other students or the teacher.	
Your child's frustration in school seems to trigger behavior problems.	
Homework ends up with you angry and your child crying.	
In sports, your child is left sitting on the bench. Your child isn't asked to participate.	
Your child's struggle with schoolwork affects the whole family	
Your child's school performance could limit future educational and job opportunities.	
Grades are good but your child isn't working up to potential and the whole family feels the frustration.	
	Self-confidence is low, attitude is poor Your child is either worn out or angry when coming home from school. Your child's poor eye contact makes others assume your child isn't listening. You child is unhappy or withdrawn. Your child has books rather than friends. In school your child is ridiculed by other students or the teacher. Your child's frustration in school seems to trigger behavior problems. Homework ends up with you angry and your child crying. In sports, your child is left sitting on the bench. Your child isn't asked to participate. Your child's struggle with schoolwork affects the whole family Your child's school performance could limit future educational and job opportunities. Grades are good but your child isn't working up to potential and the

Scoring Your Child's Results:
Physical Complaints Section Score
Learning to Read Section Score
Reading to Learn Section Score
Getting it on Paper Section Score
Coordination and Sports Section Score
Driving Section Score
Attention Section Score
Behavior, Self Esteem, Relationships Section Score
Grand Total:
It is important for our Center to understand your child as a whole. Below, please give a brief description of your child as a person:
Is there any other information you feel would be helpful or important in our evaluation of your child?
When pursuing Neuro-Visual Training, what would be your academic and behavioral goals for your child?

What goals would your child like to achieve with V	ision Therapy?	
Please provide the contact for family doctor, pedipathologist)	atrician, teacher, speech	
Mercaga		
Name:		
Office:		
Type of Practitioner:		
Phone:		
Fax:		
Address:	-	
Name:		
Office:		
Type of Practitioner:		
Phone:		
Fax:		
Address:	_	
Do you consent for the release of the report to oth	er healthcare providers?	Yes / No
PLEASE <u>EMAIL</u> (wardenoptometry@gmail.com) OR J	<u>-AX</u> (905-940-2015)	
THE COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE BY		